



Newsletter of the Triangle Orchid Society

Associated with Sarah P. Duke Gardens

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Monday, December 13, 2010 Holiday Party

What a wonderful and eventful year we have had! Now is the time to enjoy our annual holiday party with your friends at the Triangle Orchid Society.

Please join us at the meeting on <u>Monday, that will start at 6:30 pm</u>, an hour earlier than the usual start time. We ask that you bring a covered dish to share. Sue Morand is in charge so come early and help set up. President Robin Gurlitz will give a State of the Society Address.

Our holiday auction of orchids will take the place of a speaker for the evening's event. We will need volunteers to help set up for the auction.

We have many exciting events in the coming year. We will have orchid displays at the NC Piedmont Orchid Society in Charlotte and one in the Triad Orchid Society in Greensboro, both in January. Darwin Day, Grower's Day, NC State Fair, Spring and Fall Auctions are also planned. Our own ORCHID SHOW will be on MOTHER'S DAY weekend. Volunteer opportunities abound from small ones to huge ones, come learn from the experts and join the fun.

Bring a covered dish for the buffet table. Bring your blooming orchids for the show tables. Bring your best holiday spirit and enjoy the

Triangle Orchid Society			
Me	eting Agenda:		
Pre meeting	set up		
5:30-6:30	Set Up Show Table		
	Set up food tables		
	Decorations		
Meeting beg	ins:		
6:30-7:00	Dinner		
7:00-7:15	Business Meeting		
7:15-7:30	Presidents Message		
7:30-7:40	Break, Auction Sign In		
7:40-8:40	Auction		
8:40-9:30	Show Table, Show Table		
	Awards Raffle		
9:30 P.M.	Meeting Adjourns		

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	<u>2011</u>
	Triangle Orchid Society
	<u>Membership Dues</u>
	\$18 per year, single
	\$24 per year, 2 people living
	at same address
	Please remit to:
	<u>Melissa Bullard, TOS Treas.</u>
e	510 North Street
	<u>Chapel Hill, NC 27514</u>
	(2)

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<u>The Triangle</u> <u>Orchid Society</u> <u>meets at the</u> <u>Sarah P. Duke</u> <u>Gardens,</u> <u>Durham, NC</u> <u>The Second</u> <u>Monday of the</u> <u>Month</u> <u>at 7:30 PM</u>

www.Triangle OrchidSociety.org

Orchidacea

TOS Officers and Board Members

President Robin Gurlitz (919) 929-9717 <u>robing@i-gga.com</u>

Vice President

Program Chairman Alan Miller (919) 969-1612 <u>orchidacea@att.net</u>

Secretary David Pickett (919) 688-8410 legaldeacon84@yahoo.com

Treasurer

Melissa Bullard (919) 929-6806 mbullard@email.unc.edu

Past President Philip Warner (919) 785-0151 pwarner@fminet.com

Board of Trustees:

At Large Trustees: 2010 Bob Davidson (919)-969-7365 <u>bob@cattleya.us</u>

At Large Trustees: 2011 David Devine (919) 828-5332 <u>devinejd@aol.com</u>

At Large Trustees: 2012 Lee Allgood (919) 721-7192 lallgood851@yahoo.com

George Bizub (919) 454-4514 gbizub@nc.rr.com

Jeremy Bueter (336) 301-3798 jjbueter77@yahoo.com

Sally Carpenter (919) 464-5764 scarp919@aol.com

Minutes of the Last Meeting 11/8/2010

The November meeting was called to order at 7:30 PM by TOS president, Robin Gurlitz. Members and guests were welcomed. The October minutes and financials were accepted and approved with the correction that only Nick Plummer presented the Show Table. We have a page on Face Book and the website is updated. Raffle tickets were available for \$1 each

Alan Miller introduced the proposed slate of officers and trustees for 2011 to the membership. The nominees are: President - Leo Sagasti, Vice President & Program Chair -- Ralph Sears, Treasurer – Melissa Bullard, Secretary – Armando Nevis, Board of Trustees Term Expiring 2011: David Devine and David Pickett; Board of Trustees Term Expiring 2012: Lee Allgood and Sally Carpenter; Board of Trustees Term Expiring 2013: Paul Welty and Manuel Monserrate. There were no nominations from the floor and the slate was approved by acclamation. Thanks to the Nominating Committee comprised of John Myhre, Paul Virtue, and Alan Miller for all of their work.

The president thanked everyone who volunteered with the State Fair. Jeremy Bueter recruited volunteers and Robin Gurlitz obtained parking passes and helped with scheduling. The following people helped in various capacities in hosting our booth or loaning plants for our exhibit: Marie Crock, Josh Gurlitz, Paul Virtue, Nolan Newton, David Devine, John & Ann Myhre. Also, Dianne Parks, Lee Allgood, Alan Miller, Virginia Hakan, Miriam & Leo Sagasti, Bob Meyer, David Pickett, Phil Warner, John Stanton, and, Paul Feaver. A very special "thank you" goes to Marie Crock who not only stores much of the display material, but helped set up and take down the exhibit in addition to loaning plants and manning our booth.

Our Holiday Party will be held at our next meeting which is Monday, December 13, 2010. Don't forget to bring your plants for the Show Table and your checkbook because we will have a mini-auction during the evening. Sally Carpenter is in charge of procuring special plants for this event.

A big thanks to Alan Miller for arranging speakers for all four societies for this year and the coming year. It is a big task and Alan has ex-

celled in bringing quality speakers to our membership.

The president presented our speaker for the evening, our own Bob Davidson, who has had many years experience as a professional orchid grower with lots of things to share with us.

Thanks to Michael Arner for providing refreshments and to Lee Allgood for hosting the Welcome Table.

Paul Feaver did an excellent job of discussing the beautiful plants on the Show tables. Time prevented every plant from being discussed. (You may bring to the attention of the presenter a question about a specific plant if that plant has not been discussed.)

The Jack Webster Award Plants were: Greenhouse Grown Awards:

Ist Place: Bulbo. medusa -- Armando Neves;

2nd Place: Aerangus biloba -- Armando Neves

3rd Place: Coelogyne Massengeana– Alan Miller

The Non-Greenhouse Grown Awards:

Ist Place V. lamellata – Robin & Josh Gurlitz

2nd Place: Lc. Sylvan Sprite Blythe Spirit – Sue Morand

3rd Place::Paph. Goultenianum x Paph Hsinying Citron – Lee Allgood.

The meeting adjourned around 9:30 pm. Minutes submitted by David Pickett, Secretary, TOS.

Treasurers Report Melissa Bullard

November 2010

INCOME

Net Income[\$	223.07]
	222 071
Total Expense\$	275.07
Speaker Exp\$	232.37
Raffle Plant\$	20.00
Refreshments\$	22,70
<u>EXPENSES</u>	
Total Income\$	5200
Plant Raffle\$	52.00

Speaker Notes-Bob Davidson

Notes from Joy Lemieux on Bob's talk. Thank you, Joy!!

Bob Davidson is certainly an expert on repotting – he would have to be as he has 5,000 plants in his greenhouse. He has been a commercial grower for many years, currently selling his plants at the Farmer's Market in Carrboro during the summer months. His presentation, with his wonderfully illustrative photos, was certainly reflective his years of experience and skill.

Bob began by noting this was probably not the best timing for his presentation – most repotting he said should be done just before new roots emerge, which is typically in the spring and summer for Cattleyas and Dendrobiums. Phalaenopsis and most of the Slipper Orchids (Phragmipediums and Paphiopedilums) are not so fussy and can generally be repotted at any time.

Many hobby growers assume that when you purchase an orchid it has been properly potted and will not require repotting for some time. Bob believes that this is a fallacy especially for those orchids sold in the big box stores. There, not only are they in the wrong pot but also in the wrong mix. Plants coming from the mega growers, in Taiwan especially, are generally packed in cheap Sphagnum Moss (remember Allan Koch last month stressing the need to use only top grade New Zealand moss??), and most plants are positioned incorrectly in pots that lack appropriate drain holes. Ceramic pots that are glazed on the inside are especially nasty because the roots have nothing to adhere to, there is no air available around the roots, and there is no drainage guaranteeing that the roots rot away very quickly...

It is important, said Bob, to pot before your plant has begun to decline. This means repotting must be done before the mix breaks down, before new growth hangs over the side of the pot, and before roots are fully developed and have become brittle and easily broken. The optimal time to repot, said Bob, is just before new roots are ready to emerge. Once a plant has outgrown a pot and the newest growth overhangs the side of the pot it is too late because the roots cannot be trained back into the mix. Over-hanging growths are often twisted and spoil the presentation of the plant.

Choosing a mix is a matter of personal preference. Everyone's watering style is different, as is everyone's growing conditions. What ever mix you choose, it should last at least 2 -3 years before the plant needs to be repotted. Any mix, however, must be open enough to permit good air flow around the roots. Bob uses a variety of materials in his mixes, to ensure that not everything breaks down at the same time. By controlling the rate of decomposing, he can monitor his plants and extend his window of repotting time. Currently Bob uses a combination of fir bark, lave rock, charcoal, and extra coarse perlite. He also incorporates some chopped up coconut fiber (coir) for plants that like to be somewhat wetter. Charcoal absorbs toxins but is very dusty (and hazardous to one's health if you breathe it). He recommends soaking charcoal prior to use to remove the dust and finer particulants. The lava rock he uses comes from the local hardware store and is relatively cheap. One does need to pick through it to size it, and to remove the residual dust. The coarse perlite is available through Tropical Plant Products in Orlando. Bob recommends wetting down the mix prior to use. He feels it is much easier to work with when wet.

Bob grows in plastic pots or wooden baskets. Discussing the pros and cons of plastic versus clay he noted the benefits of plastic pots being the fact that they are cheaper and are therefore disposable. New pots have the benefit of not cross contaminating plants with virus. Clay pots on the other hand breathe and provide better air circulations (especially the orchid pots that have slits around the sides). Clay pots allow plants to dry out faster, plants can be safely clipped into place, and the additional weight of the pot helps to prevent tall plants from tipping over. However, heavy clay pots can weigh down benches.



,As a commercial grower, Bob is of course cognizant of the cost of clay vs. plastic.

Wooden baskets, which are generally available in teak or cedar, maximize air flow to the roots, and are easily expandable as the plant grows – there is no need to tear a plant apart when you can simply drop the existing basket into another that is slightly larger. Whatever container you use, it needs to provide good air flow, and it needs to fit your personal watering habits. The goal always is to keep roots moist while allowing foliage to dry off rapidly.

Tools used in repotting are the single most deadly way most growers spread virus in their collections. Flaming tools, says Bob, only causes them to rust. Soaking tools in bleach is also not effective as it too causes tools to rust. TSP (Trisodium Phosphate, available from Jamestown Distributors) is an effective solution for soaking tools. However, Bob recommends single use razor blades, available in the paint department of most hardware store. The safest way to repot, Bob said, is to lay a pile of newspapers down on your work surface, and capture all your waste material in the newspaper. Use a single razor blade to do any cutting required. When you have finished with a plant, roll up the top sheet of newspaper with all the debris. Wear disposable latex gloves and dispose of those with each plant as well. If you are not wearing gloves, be sure to wash your hands with soap before moving on to the next plant.

When repotting Phals, Bob recommends soaking the plant for several minutes prior to removing it from the pot. This helps to soften the roots and reduces damage. Shake the media off the roots, and cut away any roots that are soft and decaying. Size your pot for the root ball, not the foliage. Center you plant in the pot at the appropriate depth, so the base of the leaves are just at the top of the mix. Fill in around the roots with your mix and shake the pot gently to settle the mix.

Announcements & Upcoming Orchid Events

Buck Flintom, a TOS Lifetime Member, passed away on December 6, 2010. A service will be held for Buck on Saturday, December 11, 2010 at 2:00 PM at the West Raleigh Presbyterian Church. We send our deepest condolences to his family.

The Triangle Orchid Society will be participating	Feb 12 : Darwin Day, North Carolina Natural His-
in the following Orchid shows this winter and	tory Museum, Raleigh, NC. Contact Phil Warner to
Spring:	volunteer or loan plants. <u>pwarner@fminet.com</u>
Jan. 14—17th: Piedmont Orchid Society , Daniel	May 6-8th : The Triangle Orchid Society Show,
Stowe Botanical Garden, 6500 South New Hope	Raulston Arboretum, Raleigh, NC. Contact co-
Rd., Belmont, NC. We need volunteers and plants.	chairs Bob Meyer or Leopold Sagasti to volunteer
Contact Marie Crock at <u>bluebirdfield@earthlink.net</u>	for this show.
Jan. 28—30th: Triad Orchid Society Show, Greens- Boro Garden Clubs, 4301-A Lawndale Drive, Greensboro, NC. We need volunteers and plants. Contact Alan Miller at <u>orchidacea@att.net</u> To volunteer.	Working at these professionally judged shows is great fun and one of the best ways to learn about Orchids. Try it!!

Growing Tips for December

By Courtney T. Hackney EMAIL at Hackneau@comcast.net

"Happy Winter Solstice"! That means the shortest day of the year arrives this month and after that, lengthening days. Unfortunately, there remain many cold days and even colder nights requiring vigilance for those of us that grow tropical orchids.

This is also a time when having flowering orchids inside the house is really nice, not just for fragrance, but a reminder that good times will return and we can enjoy spring flowers and warmer days.

There are a few aspects to bringing orchids inside that require your attention. First remember that home heating takes moisture out of the air. The same thing that dries your skin in winter dries out your orchid flowers and the plant itself. If you can set the pot containing your orchid inside a larger clay pot that sits in shallow water you will help your orchid flowers to last longer. A porous clay pot will wick water up and around the orchid plant limiting water loss. The ideal is for the clay pot to be large enough that there is space between pots. Misting occasionally will also help, but be sure you are not using water that goes through a softener.

One last suggestion is that you sterilize any pot you are using to hold your blooming plant while inside. More and more orchids sold in the pot plant market are reportedly virused. While these flowers may look fine, viruses may be transferred to the next orchid that occupies the pot and lead to deformed flowers and the ultimate death of the orchid. Few hobbyists spend the time or money to test pot plants so it is best to just sterilize pot surfaces with a 10% chlorox solution.

Cymbidium growers need to pay careful attention to outside temperatures now in case there is a hard freeze. The cold should have initiated bloom spikes by now. If that has not happened yet you may need a few more weeks of cool nights. A light frost will not hurt the plant, but a solid freeze will likely damage your cymbidium. Once spikes begin to form, cymbidiums should be kept from temperatures lower than 45 F. In the South, they may be moved into a garage on very cold nights and in colder climates maintained in the cool part of the greenhouse until buds open.

There are many types of dendrobiums that also need a cool, dry period to initiate buds. Some of these maintain their leaves such as *Dendrobium aggregatum*, while others, such as the nobile-types, drop leaves in response to the cold dry period. If you purchased the plant in flower and it has never bloomed again it may need this type of treatment. Unfortunately, the Dendrobium family is so large and found over such a wide range of environments that no single recommendation can be made. If you check the parentage of your dendrobium you can figure out its required growing conditions.

The flowering process for phalaenopsis should also be well along by now, with spikes emerging and perhaps even buds developing on larger plants. Once buds form, it is necessary to maintain temperatures above 60 F to prevent bud drop and to limit various diseases that ruin flowers. You will also need to watch new leaves for rots that flourish in a closed growing space





1st Place Ribbon: V. lamellata Grown by Robin & Josh Gurlitz



Jack Webster Awards Non-Greenhouse Grown



2nd Place Ribbon: LC Sylvan Sprite "Blythe Spirit" **Grown by Sue Morand**

3d Place Ribbon: Paph Goultenianum X Paph Hsinying Citron **Grown by Lee Allgood**

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Jack Webster Awards Greenhouse Grown



2nd Place Ribbon: Aerangus biloba grown by Armando Neves

> 3rd Place Ribbon: Coelogyne Massengeana grown by Alan Miller



1st Place Ribbon: Bulbo medusa grown by Armando Neves





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Orchidacea

BCCCCCCCCCCCCC	Calendar 2010-2011			Speaker	Торіс
	Associated with I3		н	oliday Party Dinner	Auction
Sarah P Duke Go	ırdens	Jan I0th 2011	-		Mericloning
Interim Newsletter E Robin Gurlitz Phone: (919) 929-9		Feb. 14th 2011		nda Wilhelm ill sell plants	Miniature Orchids
Welcome Table Refreshments					
December	Lee Allgood		Holiday Party		
January	Need Volunteers		See Michael Arner		
To Greensboro BYPASS DO USASS			<u>The Triangle Orchid Society</u> <u>meets at the</u> <u>Sarah P. Duke Gardens,</u> <u>Durham, NC</u> <u>The Second Monday of the Month</u> <u>at 7:30 PM</u>		
Serah P. Duke Entrance Duntain St. (20) Gardens			Visitors are Welcome! www.TriangleOrchidSociety.org		
Duke Chapel Campus Cameron Biva Washington Duke Inn Biva Chapel Hill Biva To Chapel Hill			Head South on Chap The Gardens are on From the West. Exi r Head South on Swift	13 on the Durham Freeway(#147) The Hill Rd. Turn right on Anderson St. the left. t 14 on the Durham Freeway (147) Ave. Turn right on Campus Drive , son St. The Gardens are on the left.	

Triangle Orchid Society Dues are:\$18 per year single, or \$24 per year for two persons living at the same address.Mail to:Melissa Bullard, Treasurer510 North StreetChapel Hill, NC 27514