The Orchid Society of the Triangle (Durham, Raleigh, Chapel Hill) and surrounding area of North Carolina Associated with Sarah P. Duke Gardens



## Orchidacea

Monthly Newsletter of the Triangle Orchid Society

September 2016

### Steven Frowine: Growing Orchids without a Greenhouse September 12, 2016, 7:30 PM

Steve was born in southern Ohio. He was a "plant nerd" at a young age and



grew orchids under lights in his basement as a teenager and to this day has never lost his fascination or obsession with this wonderful family of plants.

He obtained his BS and MS in horticulture from Ohio State and Cornell. Steve worked

as a horticulturist for various botanical gardens—The National Tropical Botanical Garden in Hawaii, Cleveland Botanical Garden, Pittsburgh Garden Center, and the Missouri Botanical Garden. After these stints, he continued his horticultural career at Burpee and White Flower Farm and served as a consultant to various horticultural businesses..

Steve has written many articles for national horticultural publications and has authored four books on orchids—*Orchids for Dummies, Fragrant Orchids, Miniature Orchids, Moth Orchids,* and *The Complete Guide to Phalaenopsis.* He has also appeared on many local and national TV programs. Steve has given talks on orchids throughout the US, Mexico and Guatemala. Steve recently moved back to the states from Mexico and now resides in Asheville, NC with his wife, Sascha, and two Weimaraners.

The TOS and Triad Orchid Auctions are on Sept. 10 and 11, respectively. See the TOS webpage and Facebook for a list of plants to be auctioned.

### facebook.





www. triangleorchidsociety.org

### Dinner Before the Meeting 5:30 pm at Carrabba's Italian Grill 5312 New Hope Commons Drive, Durham, across from New Hope Commons Shopping Center at the intersection of I-40 and US 15/501. If you plan to attend the dinner, please contact Harry Gallis at harry.gallis@frontier.com to reserve a seat. All are welcome.

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at 7:30 pm



TOS Officers and Board Members 2016 <u>OFFICERS</u> President Sidney Cox (919) 489-7173

sidney269@earthlink.net

Vice President Harry Gallis (919) 564-0007 harry.gallis@frontier.com

Secretary Kelly Nipp (315) 212-3052 klnipp07@gmail.com

**Treasurer** Anne Williams (919) 493-1727 annewilliams1973@hotmail.com

Past President Nancy Harvey (919) 401-4533 ntrharvey@gmail.com

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### Triangle Orchid Society August 8, 2016 Meeting Summary

At our August 2016 meeting, Courtney Hackney gave a great presentation on orchid culture and he also sold orchid seedlings. Total attendance was approximately 46 members and 6 guests.

Volunteers for this meeting: Welcome Table: Axel Elling Raffle: Anne Williams, Nancy Harvey Lights and Stands: Sidney Cox, Axel Elling Photography: Alan Miller Show Table Discussions: Harry Gallis

The Jack Webster Award Plants:

Greenhouse grown:

1st place: *Miltonia* Dark Star, grown by John Myhre

2nd place: *Paphiopedilum* Song of Love, grown by Nancy Harvey

3rd place: *Encyclia cochleata* 'Shax', grown by Ralph Belk

Non-Greenhouse grown:

1st place: Aliceara (*Bakerara*) Clownish 'Cotton Candy', grown by Vicki McLamb

Meeting Summary was submitted by Sidney Cox.

August 2016

Jack Webster Awards <u>Greenhouse</u> Grown **1st Place:** *Miltonia* **Dark Star**, grown by John Myhre





**2nd Place:** *Paphiopedilum* **Song of Love**, grown by Nancy Harvey

**3rd Place:** *Encyclia cochleata '***Shax'**, grown by Ralph Belk



## August 2016

## Jack Webster Awards Non-Greenhouse Grown



**1st Place: Aliceara (Bakerara) Clownish 'Cotton Candy'** grown by Vicki McLamb

### Courtney Hackney: Blue Cattleyas Talk Given to Sandhills Orchid Society Transcribed by Joy Lemieux

Courtney began his discussion of Blue Cattleyas by attempting to define what is meant by a "blue" or "coerulea" Cattleya. He said he bases his definition on the color named "indigo" on the color chart. He noted that there are numerous unique forms of the color. To me, that was a pretty confusing statement. Perhaps he meant "shades" rather than "forms" of the color indigo. I was left with the impression that attempting to define "blue Cattleya" is difficult and open to interpretation. For me, defining "blue" when referring to an orchid flower color has always been confusing because the word can be applied to white or crème colored flowers with the faintest of blue veining in the sepals and petals. On the other hand, coerulea can also refer to flowers that I would describe as lilac, or at the other extreme, dark slate blue. Courtney did say that if he could, he would rewrite the chapter on blue Catts in his books, so perhaps he finds it confusing as well. What is well known is that blue Catts are difficult and unpredictable to breed. What does seem to be certain that even when one breeds with another blue, one cannot anticipate with any degree of certainty that the resulting offspring will have any blue color at all.

So what makes a Cattleya blue?? Courtney said that it is undoubtedly a genetic factor although nobody has been able to isolate or identify a specific marker. Current understanding is that the pH of a gene may have significant influence. Courtney said that he believes that some Catts have genetic material that has a "predisposition" to coerulea color and when these Catts are bred with each other, the breeder gets lucky! The density of the plant material in the flower itself may also play a role, as well as the pigmentation present in the plant matter. A flower that has denser cells may block some of the pigmentation, so the observer (with the human eye) may not perceive the presence of the blue color. Courtney suggested as well that the acidity of the growing medium may also be responsible, and noted that lowering the pH of the water source to 5.9 to 6.1 can produce bluer flowers. For the average hobby grower this may be not just impractical, but virtually impossible, to alter your water supply so dramatically for just a few plants. Courtney also suggested that raising the magnesium content of fertilizer can enhance blue pigmentation. To do this, he recommended adding Epsom Salts to your water supply. At one time, cooler growing conditions were also believed to be conducive to enhancing blue coloring, but I heard this theory debunked recently, and Courtney did not comment on temperatures as a factor.

Courtney indicate that one of the most critical factors involved in producing blue Catts is superior parents. He described various growers, from Carl Whitlow to Ervin Granier, and their never ending quest for superior clones. He indicated that the Japanese have been doing a great deal of work on this area with tetraploid plants that have enhanced vigor and improved form. Courtney also pointed out that Fred Clark, from Sunset Valley Orchids, is currently one of the most prolific hybridizers working in the US today. Fred recently published his annual list of new Catt releases and the list contained several coerulea hybrids. If you are looking for blue catts, look for Fred's "SVO" moniker in the plant name.

Courtney described how hybridizers can predict which two white Catts that are bred together will produce a pink, but noted that the breeding guidelines or principles that apply when breeding other colors don't seem to apply to blues. As he states in his book "Numerous hybrids using coerulea parents produced either offspring with less blue color than either parent or no blue-pigmented hybrids at all." In his book he notes that some of the most promising results have come about when using the miniature Catts, formerly known as Laelias. *L purpurata* and *L pumila* have been especially successful by imparting their intense coloration. He said that breeding with a yellow, white or other color never makes a blue. However, breeding with a true green and a coerulea will result in a coerulea.

There have been a number of other problems with coerulea breeding. One thing that has dogged hybridizers has been flower size. No matter what parents are used, the flowers tend to be smaller than the parents. The large, showy flowers hybridizers have produced on minis and standard Catts remain elusive for blue Catt breeders. Form has also been lacking, as has substance. Additionally, some of the better hybrids have tended to be sterile or have produced very limited amounts of seed. Often the progeny has been difficult to grow, with very low survival rates for young seedlings. For some unknown reason, the meristem people do not seem to have picked up on this and have not reproduced any of the more promising coerulea crosses. Most mericlones on the market today are remakes of crosses originally made in the sixties and seventies. Again, I quote Courtney's book "To produce superior clones in any hybridizing line usually requires large numbers of offspring from which the one or two great clones that maybe tetraploids, can be selected. With just a few exceptions, this has not happened. As a consequence, the orchid growing world still awaits the perfect blue Cattleya."

Obviously, there are numerous issues surrounding the breeding of coerulea Cattleyas. As a hobby grower with three or four supposed coerulea clones in my collection I anxiously await each blooming to see what another season has done to the color. This year, I managed to produce a very successful slate blue *L. purpurata* cross. I was ecstatic! However, I also realize that one successful blooming was probably something accidental rather anything specific I did in my growing practices. A great deal of work remains to be done before blue Catts become better understood and grown. If nothing else, Courtney outlined the problems.

For additional information on blue Catts, and Catts in general, I refer you to Courtney's book "American Cattleyas", published in 2004 while he was Professor of Biological Sciences at the University of North Carolina at Wilmington.



AFTER ENTERING THE PARK, BEECH SHELTER PARKING IS THE THIRD RIGHT TURN



## Triad Orchid Society

# Annual Orchid Auction



#### SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER, 11TH 12:30P

GREENSBORO COUNCIL OF GARDEN CLUBS

4301 LAWNDALE DRIVE, GREENSBORO, NC 27455

NEXT TO THE GREENSBORO SCIENCE CENTER Join us for our Annual Orchid Auction featuring plants from Triad Orchid Society members as well as The Orchid Trail and the greenhouse of Jack Kepley

FACEBOOK.COM/ TRIADORCHIDSOCIETY

### **Upcoming Orchid Events**

September 10 Potluck at noon, auction at 1pm Triangle OS Fall Auction Beech Shelter, Lake Crabtree Park 1400 Aviation Pkwy, Morrisville, NC

### September 11

Potluck at noon, auction at 12:30 pm Triad OS Fall Auction Greensboro Council of Garden Clubs building 4301 Lawndale Dr, Greensboro, NC

### September 17

Carolinas Judging Center Greensboro Council of Garden Clubs building 4301 Lawndale Dr, Greensboro, NC Plants to be judged are accepted only during 10:30 – 12:30

November 12 – 13

Merritt Huntington Memorial Symposium Holiday Inn Patriot, 3032 Richmond Road, Williamsburg, VA

> November 18 – 20 2nd Annual Triangle Orchid Society Show Doris Duke Center at Sarah P. Duke Gardens 420 Anderson Dr, Durham, NC

TriangleOrchidSociety.org

## Orchidacea



ALAN MILLER FOR A DECADE OF SERVICE IN PHOTOGRAPHY AND COORDINATING THE SPEAKER DINNERS!

THANK YOU



### Triangle Orchid Society Meeting Agenda

DATE	SPEAKER	TOPIC
OCTOBER 10	Art Chadwick	Cattleyas
NOVEMBER 14	TBD	TBD
DECEMBER 12	HOLIDAY POTLUCK AND ORCHID AUCTION	





### From the East:

Durham Freeway (#147) to Exit 13. Right on Chapel Hill Rd. Right on Anderson St. Sarah P. Duke Gardens (420 Anderson) on left.

### From the West:

Durham Freeway (#147) to Exit 14. Right on Swift Ave. Right on Campus Dr. Right on Anderson St. Sarah P. Duke Gardens (420 Anderson) on left.

Newsletter Editor Suzanne Hens Phone: (919) 452-5545 E-mail: TOSnewsletter2015@gmail.com

Thank You Charles Walker for proofreading this newsletter.

2016 Triangle Orchid Society Dues

**\$22** per year single, or **\$30** per year for two persons living at the same address. Send your dues to: Anne Williams, TOS Treasurer, 1506 Kent St., Durham NC 27707